IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1.(Currently Amended) A beam-shaping element (200;400) comprising:
 - [[-]] a cavity (210);
- [[-]] an optical axis (90) extending through the cavity
 (210);
- [[-]] a first fluid (250) and a second fluid (252) having different indices of refraction, and
- [[-]] at least one pump (240)—arranged to pump the fluids (250,252)—between a first configuration in which the first fluid (250)—occupies the cavity—(210), and a second configuration in which the second fluid (252)—occupies the cavity—(210); and
- a fixed lens concatenated with said element, the fixed lens being formed of a material having a refractive index substantially same as a refractive index of one of said fluids;

wherein the cavity (210) has at least one curved surface (215, 225) extending transverse the optical axis-(90).

- 2. (Currently Amended) An The element as claimed in claim 1, wherein the pump (240) operates utilising utilizing at least one of: electro-capillary, differential-pressure electro-capillarity, electrowetting, continuous electrowetting, electrophoresis. electroosmosis, dielectrophoresis, electrohydrodynamic pumping, thermocapillary, thermal expansion, dielectric pumping, mechanic pumping or variable dielectric pumping.
- 3. (Currently Amended) An-The element as claimed in claim 1, wherein said cavity (210) is cylindrical, with the longitudinal axis of the cavity being coaxial with the optical axis-(90).
- 4. (Currently Amended) An The element as claimed in claim 1, wherein said curved surface (215,225) is aspherical.
- 5. (Currently Amended) An-The element as claimed in claim 1, wherein said curved surface (215,225) is rotationally symmetric

with respect to the optical axis-(90).

- 6.(Currently Amended) An-The element as claimed in claim 1, wherein in the first configuration, the element is arranged to shape an incident radiation beam (120)—to provide a first beam intensity profile (122, 422), and in the second configuration the element is arranged to shape an incident radiation beam (120)—to provide a second different beam intensity profile (122', 422').
- 7.(Currently Amended) An optical device (1)—comprising a beam-shaping element—(200; 400), the element comprising:
 - [[-]] a cavity (210);
- [[-]] an optical axis (90)—extending through the cavity (210):
- [[-]] a first fluid (250)—and a second fluid (252)—having different indices of refraction:—and
- [[-]] at least one pump (240)—arranged to pump the fluids (250, 252)—between a first configuration in which the first fluid (250)—occupies the cavity—(210), and a second configuration in which the second fluid (252)—occupies the cavity—(210); and

wherein the cavity (210) has at least one curved surface (215, 225)—extending transverse the optical axis—(90).

Claim 8-9 (Canceled)

10.(Currently Amended) A device as claimed in claim 7, An optical device comprising a beam-shaping element, the element comprising:

a cavity;

an optical axis extending through the cavity (210);

a first fluid and a second fluid having different indices of refraction; and

at least one pump arranged to pump the fluids between a first configuration in which the first fluid occupies the cavity, and a second configuration in which the second fluid occupies the cavity;

wherein the cavity has at least one curved surface extending transverse the optical axis; and

wherein the device is an optical scanning device (1)—for scanning an information layer (4)—of an optical record carrier—(2), the device (1)—comprising a radiation source (11)—for generating a radiation beam (12, 15, 20)—and an objective system (18)—for converging the radiation beam (12, 15, 20)—on the information layer (4).

- 11.(Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a beam-shaping element—(200; 400), the method comprising the steps—acts of:
- [[-]] providing a cavity—(210), with an optical axis (90)-extending through the cavity—(210), the cavity having at least one curved surface (215, 225)—extending transverse the optical axis (90);
- [[-]] providing a first fluid (250)—and a second fluid (252)—having different indices of refraction; and providing at least one pump (240)—arranged to pump the fluids (250, 252)—between a first configuration in which the first fluid (250)—occupies the cavity—(210), and a second configuration in which the second fluid (252)-occupies the cavity—(210); and

Amendment in Reply to Office Action mailed on April 11, 2007

providing a fixed lens concatenated with said element, the fixed lens being formed of a material having a refractive index substantially same as a refractive index of one of the first and second fluids.

12. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an optical device—(1), the method comprising the steps—acts of:

providing a beam-shaping element (200; 400), the beamshaping element comprising:

- [[]]a cavity (210);
- [[-]] an optical axis (90) extending through the cavity (210);
- [[-1]]a first fluid (250) and a second fluid (252) having different indices of refraction;

a fixed lens concatenated with said element, the fixed lens being formed of a material having a refractive index substantially same as a refractive index of one of the first and second fluids; and

[[-1]]at least one pump (240) arranged to pump the fluids (250, 252) between a first configuration in which the first fluid

(250) occupies the cavity (210), and a second configuration in which the second fluid (252)—occupies the cavity—(210); and wherein the cavity (210) has—at least one curved surface (215; 225)—extending transverse the optical axis—(90).

- 13.(Currently Amended) A method of operating a beam-shaping element, the element comprising a cavity; an optical axis extending through the cavity; the cavity having at least one curved surface extending transverse the optical axis; a first fluid and a second fluid having different indices of refraction; a fixed lens concatenated with said element, the fixed lens being formed of a material having a refractive index substantially same as a refractive index of one of the first and second fluids; and at least one pump, the method comprising:
- a first step_act_of pumping the first fluid out of the cavity;
- a second step_act_of pumping the second fluid into the cavity_
 wherein the first act and the second act change an optical
 characteristic of the element.

14.(Currently Amended) A—<u>The</u> method as claimed in claim 13, in which the first <u>step—act</u> and the second <u>step—act</u> are performed simultaneously.